

ties or the city of Baltimore, on complaint and due proof made to him by the parent, guardian or next friend of such minor, that, by reason of incorrigible or vicious conduct such minor has rendered his or her control beyond the power of such parent, guardian or next friend and made it manifestly requisite that, from regard to the morals and future welfare of such minor, and the peace and order of society he or she should be placed under the guardianship of the House of Reformation; second, colored minors may be committed by the authority aforesaid, when complaint and due proof have been made that such minor is a proper subject for the guardianship of the House of Reformation in consequence of vagrancy or of incorrigible or vicious conduct, and that, from the moral depravity or otherwise of the parent, guardian or next friend in whose custody such minor may be, such parent, guardian or next friend is unable or unwilling to exercise the proper care and discipline over such incorrigible or vicious minor; third, such children as their parents, guardians or friends may desire to place therein for temporary restraint and discipline, and whose parents, guardians or friends shall agree and contract with the managers for their support and maintenance; and fourth, minors committed by the several courts in this State, as provided in sections 565 and 570.

1904, art. 27, sec. 506. 1888, art. 27, sec. 348. 1870, ch. 392, sec. 20.

569. It shall be the duty of the justice of the peace when committing a vagrant or incorrigible or vicious minor, under the preceding section, in addition to the commitment, to annex the names and residences of the different witnesses examined before him and the substance of the testimony given by them, respectively, on which the adjudication was founded; and the same duty shall be performed by the clerk of any court, the judge whereof shall make such commitment.

Ibid. sec. 507. 1888, art. 27, sec. 349. 1870, ch. 392, sec. 21. 1882, ch. 382.

570. Whenever any colored minor under the age of sixteen years shall be convicted before any court or justice of the peace of any felony or other offense against any law or laws of this State, the judge of said court or said justice, in his discretion, and with reference to the character of said institution as a place of reform and not of punishment, may order said minor so convicted to be removed to and confined in the said House of Reformation and instruction; provided, that in all cases no transfer of any such minor shall be made until due notice has been given to the superintendent of said House of Reformation, and an answer received from him that there is room for the reception of such delinquent.

Ibid. sec. 508. 1888, art. 27, sec. 350. 1882, ch. 247.

571. Every person who shall wilfully aid or abet any minor in escaping from the House of Reformation, or from any person or persons to whose care and custody any minor may have been lawfully